

ASSESSING & PRIORITIZING PROJECT SITES



The selection of appropriate locations for pollinator habitat is important to protect pollinators from inputs such as pesticides and to maximize habitat benefits. Pollinators need food (pollen & nectar), nesting and clean water sources, so these are important components for site selection. As a general rule, the habitats most beneficial to local pollinators will be those that historically existed in that general area. This may mean treeless prairie habitat in some areas and tree and shrub planting in others. Below are some considerations for site selection, followed by habitat assessment calculators for rural and urban landscapes that can be used to further guide decision-making about pollinator habitat locations or to assess the quality of pollinator habitat before and after projects are completed. The following are key considerations for selecting pollinator habitat projects:



1) Look for areas away from pesticide and fungicide use, as well as areas that lack widespread disturbances that may impact pollinators (at least 200 feet).



2) Habitat complexes and corridors provide "safe zones" and natural passageways for pollinators, as well as nesting and forage sites, and sources of water.



 Some bees have a relatively small flight distance and benefit from having water and food sources within 200 feet of nesting sites.



4) Ground nesting bees benefit from open soil and planting clump-forming native grasses. Cavity nesting bees benefit from hedgerows, windbreaks and treelines, as well as man-made nest structures.



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1.	SIZE OF PROJECT PROVIDING POLLINATOR HABITAT		7.	PESTICIDE RISK (% of pr	oject perimet	er adjacent to
	1-10 acres	5 points		pesticide use)		
	11-40 acres	10 points		1-25 %		-4 points
	41-79 acres	15 points		26-50%		-8 points
		20 points		<u>51-75%</u>		-12 points
	Total points			76-100 %		-16 points
	Total points				Total points	
2.	HABITAT TYPE (check all that apply)					D 0050150
	☐ Prairie/Grassland	3 points	8.	LIKELIHOOD OF MEETIN		OR SPECIES
	Wetland	3 points		GOALS (professional jud	igement)	
	Lake/River	3 points		Low		3 points
	☐ Savanna/Woodland	3 points		Medium		6 points
	☐ Deciduous/Coniferous	3 points		High		9 points
	Total points				Total points	
3.	COVER DIVERSITY (# of plant species		۵	EXPECTED PROJECT LIFE	CDAN	
•	1-10 species	1 points	٦.	1-5 years	JI AIV	1 point
	11-19 species	3 points		6-10 years		•
	☐ 20-39 species	7 points		11-20 years		3 points
	☐ > 40 species	10 points		Permanent		5 points
	Total points			Permanent	Total points	10 points
					Total points	
	Exclude invasives from species totals.					
4.	SEASONS WITH 3 BLOOMING SPECIE	S PRESENT				
	1 season	3 points				
	2 seasons	7 points				
	3 seasons	10 points			Grand Total	
	Total points					
				Exceptional Quality Hab	itat	100-86
5.	HABITAT CONNECTIONS			High Quality Habitat		85-71
	☐ Isolated project	5 points		Medium Quality Habita	t	70-50
	Connected to other habitat	15 points		Low Quality Habitat		49-0
	Part of complex/corridor	20 points		, ,		
	Total points					
		<u></u>				
6.	AVAILABLE HABITAT COMPONENTS (
	Exposed soil for nesting	5 points				
	☐ Trees and shrubs for nesting	5 points				
	Clean water sources	5 points				
	Total points					



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URBAN POLLINATOR & ECOLOGICAL HEALTH ASSESSMENT





1.	SIZE OF PLANTED AREA PROVIDING HABITAT			7. PESTICIDE RISK (% of project perimeter adjacent to				
	<.1 acres	5 points		pesticide use)		-		
	0.11 - 0.29 acres	10 points		1-25 %		-4 points		
	□ 0.3 - 0.5 acres	15 points		26-50%		-8 points		
	□ > 0.5 acres	20 points		51-75 %		-12 points		
				76-100 %		-16 points		
	Total points				Total points			
2.	HABITAT TYPE (check all that apply)							
	Prairie/Grassland/Filter Strip	3 points	8.	PERCENT COVER OF NA	TIVE VEGETAT	ION IN		
	Wetland/Swales/Biofiltration	3 points		PLANTED AREAS				
	Lake/River/Emergent Vegetation	3 points		60-69%		5 points		
	Savanna/Woodland			70-79%		10 points		
		3 points		80-100%		15 points		
	Deciduous/Coniferous	3 points			Total points			
	Total points							
3.	COVER DIVERSITY (# of plant species) 9.			. FREQUENCY OF VEGETATION MANAGEMENT				
	1-10 species	2 points		1 times per year		5 points		
	☐ 11-19 species	5 points		2 times per year		10 points		
	20-39 species	10 points		3 or more times per	vear	15 points		
	□ > 40 species	15 points			•			
	Total points				Total points			
	Exclude invasives from species totals.							
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4.	SEASONS WITH 3 BLOOMING SPECIE	S PRESENT						
	☐ 1 season	4 points						
	2 seasons	8 points						
	3 seasons	12 points			Grand Total			
	Total points	<u> </u>						
				Formational Ovality Hal		100.00		
_				Exceptional Quality Hab	oitat	100-86		
5.	HABITAT CONNECTIONS	E		High Quality Habitat		85-71		
	Isolated project	5 points		Medium Quality Habita	τ	70-50		
	Connected to other habitat	15 points		Low Quality Habitat		49-0		
	Part of complex/corridor	20 points						
	Total points							
_	AVAILABLE HABITAT COMMONSTRUTE (ala a ala a II di se						
6.	AVAILABLE HABITAT COMPONENTS (pply)					
	Installed habitat structures	5 points						
	Trees and shrubs for nesting	5 points						
	Clean water sources	5 points						
	Total points							